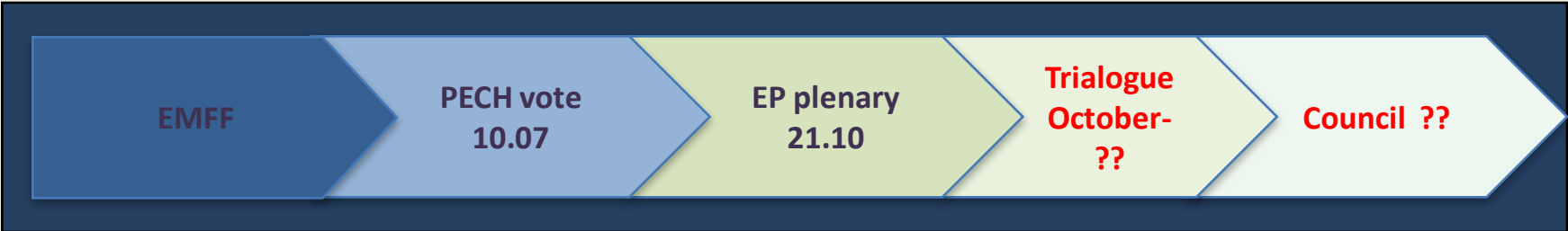
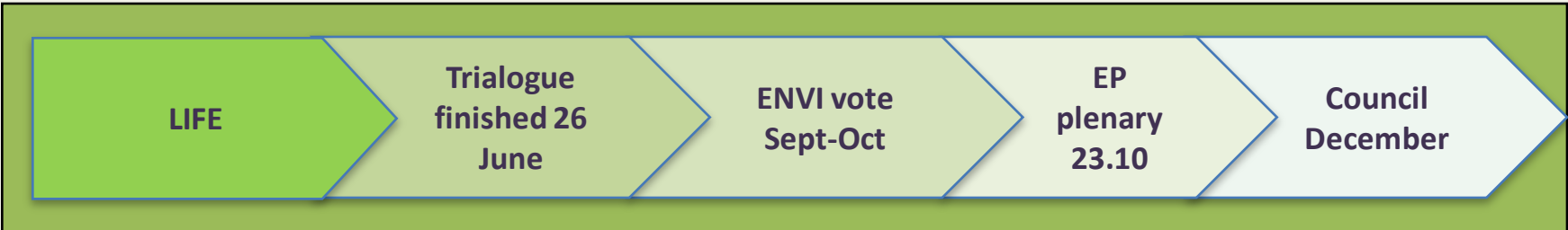


El Manual de Orientación







Contenido

+¿Para qué este Manual?

Objetivos, uso y audiencia

+La actualización

Cambios resepecto al Manual 2007-2013

+Ejemplos – casos de estudio





¿Cuál es el objetivo?

- Identificar oportunidades de financiación de los fondos europeos 2014-2020
- Identificar posibles beneficiarios
- Abordar todas las medidas para financiar Natura 2000
 - => relacionar todos estos elementos de forma fácil para el usuario



Posibles usos del Manual

- Resumen de oportunidades de co-financiación de Natura 2000 con fondos europeos
- Apoyo para la comprobación del uso efectivo de oportunidades a nivel nacional/regional (relacionado con la Herramienta de Contraste)
- Apoyo para futuras revisiones de los programas operativos
- Ayuda para mejorar la calidad de futuros PAFs
- Pero...

¡Oportunidades reales se deciden a nivel nacional/regional!



¿A quién está dirigido?

- ✓ **Autoridades responsables** de formular **programas** nacionales y regionales (2014-2020)
- ✓ **Autoridades** involucradas en la **implementación de Natura 2000**, especialmente en la elaboración de planes de gestión de Natura 2000
- ✓ **Stakeholders** viviendo o trabajando, o **gestionando lugares Natura 2000** (beneficiarios directos o expertos)





La actualización

2013

2007

2006





La actualización

- **Análisis de los borradores de los reglamentos (Sep 2013)**
- **Discusiones y feedback de Estados Miembros (Seminarios!)**
- **Consulta interna en la Comisión**
- **Actualización general (capítulos nuevos, resúmenes...)**
- **Finalización prevista una vez los reglamentos finales han sido acordados (Diciembre 2013 – Enero 2014?)**
- **Sólo versión inglesa...**

Contenido del Manual

- 1-3 INTRODUCTION; WHO AND WHAT FOR, BENEFITS; DEFINITIONS, STRUCTURE
- 4. DESCRIPTIONS OF FUNDS
- 5 OPPORTUNITIES FOR INVESTING IN NATURA 2000 UNDER THE EU FUNDS 2014-2020
- 6 GUIDANCE FOR ENSURING INTEGRATION IN PRACTISE
- 7 GUIDANCE FOR COMPLEMENTING EU FUNDS WITH INNOVATIVE FINANCING
- 8 REFERENCES

ANNEX 1 CASE STUDIES ON FINANCING NATURA 2000

ANNEX 2 OVERVIEW OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES AND IMPLICATIONS FOR NATURA 2000 FINANCING

ANNEX 3 DETAILED “MEASURE BY MEASURE” ANALYSIS ON USING DIFFERENT EU FUNDS FOR FINANCING NATURA 2000 MANAGEMENT



Sobre el primer capítulo - beneficios

+Incluye ejemplos de beneficios socioeconómicos de Natura 2000, por ejemplo:

- Seguridad alimentaria
- Turismo
- Salud
- Empleo

...cada asunto se ilustra con referencias y ejemplos específicos, por ejemplo „la implementación completa de la red Natura en la UE podría crear 122,000 nuevos puestos de trabajo (página 11)

Capítulo 4 – descripción de los fondos europeos

Article (EAFRD Regulation)	Short description
Article 15	Knowledge transfer and information action: supports for example 'vocational training and skills acquisition actions, demonstration activities and information actions'
Article 16	Advisory services, farm management and farm relief services: support for the setting up and use of these services
Article 17	Quality schemes for agricultural products: covers costs to farmers participating in quality / value added product or certification schemes
Article 18 (1d)	Investments in physical assets: for example 'non-productive investments linked to the achievement of agri- and forest environment commitments, biodiversity conservation status of species and habitat as well as enhancing the public amenity value of a Natura 2000 area or other high nature value area to be defined in the programme; capital investments to farm infrastructure
Article 19	Restoring agricultural production potential damaged by natural disasters and catastrophic events and introduction of appropriate prevention actions
Article 20 (1b)	Farm and business development: business start-up aid for non-agricultural activities
Article 21 (1a)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: supports drawing up and updating development plans including protection of Natura 2000 management plans.
Article 21 (1d)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: investments for basic rural services and infrastructure
Article 21 (1e)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: investments by public bodies in recreational infrastructure, tourist information and sign-posting of touristic sites
Article 21 (1f)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: supports studies associated with the maintenance, restoration and upgrading of rural landscapes
Article 21 (1g)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: Investments targeting the relocation of activities and conversion of buildings or other facilities located close to rural settlements, with a view to improving the quality of life or increasing the environmental performance of the settlement
Article 22 (1a) and Article 23	Afforestation and creation of woodland
Article 22 (1b) and Article 24	Establishment of agro-forestry systems
Article 22 (1c) and Article 25	Prevention and restoration of damage to forests from forest fires and natural disasters and catastrophic events
Article 22 (1d) and Article 26	Investments improving the resilience and environmental value of forest ecosystems
Article 28	Setting up producer groups
Article 29	Agri-environment-climate
Article 30	Organic farming
Article 31	Natura 2000 and Water Framework Directive payments
Article 32	Payments to areas facing natural or other specific constraints
Article 35	Forest-environmental and climate services and forest conservation
Article 36	Co-operation, including cooperation in the context of European Innovation Partnership (EIP)
Article 37 and Article 38	Risk management: crop, animal, plant insurance: Risk management

Se presentan todos los fondos europeos , incluyendo:

- Objetivos
- Proceso de programación
- Oportunidades para N2K
- Resumen de artículos importantes

Este resumen se completa con:

Capítulo 5 – relación entre artículos relevantes y las medidas de gestión de N2K

Anexo 3 – oportunidades específicas de todos os fondos europeos, incluyendo ejemplos de aplicación

Capítulo 5

ejemplo: oportunidades de FEADER

Natura 2000 Handbook 2014-2020

Draft manuscript – do not quote

Table 5.1: EAFRD - identified opportunities for financing different Natura 2000 management measures (1-25 measures, see Chapter 3) with articles most directly relevant for Natura 2000 highlighted. Note: Detailed measure-specific analysis is provided in Annex 3.

Article	Natura 2000 management categories and measures eligible for funding																									
	Establishment				Management planning							Ongoing habitat management and monitoring										Investment				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
Article 15			x																x		x					
Article 16			x																		x					
Article 17				x								x	x													
Article 18 (1d)				x						x		x	x	x			x				x	x		x		
Article 19												x	x					x								
Article 20 (1b)																									x	
Article 21 (1a)			x		x			x								x										
Article 21 (1d)										x											x					
Article 21 (1e)																					x	x	x			x
Article 21 (1f)		x										x		x									x			
Article 21 (1g)												x	x												x	
Article 22 (1a) and Article 23												x	x													
Article 22 (1b) and Article 24												x	x													
Article 22 (1c) and Article 25												x	x						x							
Article 22 (1d) and Article 26												x	x	x												
Article 28				x								x	x													
Article 29												x	x	x	x	x			x							
Article 30												x	x		x											
Article 31												x	x		x	x			x							
Article 32												x	x		x											
Article 35												x	x	x	x	x										
Article 36		x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x			x		
Article 37 and Article 38																			x							
Strategic / crosscutting approaches under EAFRD																										
Articles 42-45		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x			x	x	
Article 51 and Articles 52, 53 and 55																			x		x					

Anexo 3: oportunidades detalladas de FEADER

Measure 12: Conservation management measures - habitats

Article	Short description	Target group	Restrictions re: land type, applicability etc.	Examples	Examples of socio-economic benefits
EAFRD					
Article 17	Quality schemes for agricultural products: covers costs to farmers participating in quality product or certification schemes, including those that guarantee specific farming or production methods; these schemes can promote added value products such as 'green' beef, cheeses, wines, fruit and honey etc.	Farmers	Only possible where permitted in the Implementing Acts and Delegated Acts	Can be used to help Natura 2000 farmers gain access to markets for certified / value added products, this way supporting income streams and enabling continued management of Natura 2000 sites.	Food security Support and diversification of sustainable rural livelihoods
Article 18 (1d)	Investments in physical assets: 'non-productive investments linked to the achievement of agri- and forest environment commitments, biodiversity conservation status of species and habitat as well as enhancing the public amenity value of a Natura 2000 area or other high nature value area to be defined in the programme.'	All		For example, if required for Natura 2000 objectives: Could enable capital investments needed for the restoration of wetlands. Could support artificial nests and nest boxes installation; perching poles installation; restoring or introducing hedges and other boundary features and terraces. Could support establishment of small vegetated ponds. Could support restoration of local riverine habitats through removal of modifications to waterways, and restorative planting.	Cultural and natural heritage Recreation and tourism, including related employment Other direct / concrete benefits depend on the characteristics of a site
Article 19	Restoring agricultural production potential damaged by natural disasters and catastrophic events and introduction of appropriate prevention actions	Farmers, groups of farmers, or public entities where a link	Support is only offered where damage affects at least 30 % of agricultural potential	Could support projects aimed at restoring agricultural production potential damaged by natural hazards, linking with a risk management strategy and habitat restoration in Natura 2000 sites.	Protection against natural hazards Other direct / concrete benefits depend on the
		- production potential can be established.			
Article 21 (1f)	Basic services and village renewal in rural areas: 'investments into the maintenance, restoration and upgrading of cultural and natural heritage of villages and rural landscapes'	Public administrations; Farmers; Foresters; NGOs; Private landowners; Public landowners; Land managers; SMEs; Educational organisations	See Art 21 (2) and Art 21 (3)	For example, if required for Natura 2000 objectives: Could enable capital investments needed for the restoration of wetlands. Could support artificial nests and nest boxes installation; perching poles installation. Could support establishment of small vegetated ponds. Could support restoration of local riverine habitats through removal of modifications to waterways, and restorative planting.	Cultural and natural heritage Other direct / concrete benefits depend on the characteristics of a site

Note: this is only a part of the full table, i.e. does not show all relevant Articles!

NUEVO! Capítulo 7: financiación innovadora

+Resumen de diferentes mecanismos de financiación (PES, impuestos, tasas, carbono, licencias...)

+Evaluación del potencial de financiación innovador para cada una de las medidas de gestión de Natura 2000 (bajo-moderado)

+Se demuestra el potencial para funcionar juntos de los fondos europeos y las oportunidades innovadoras:

- Uso de nuevos recursos, como sponsors privados, para co-financiar fondos europeos;
- Uso de fondos europeos para experiencias con nuevos instrumentos, como PES u offsets;
- Uso de fondos europeos para financiar el desarrollo y marketing de productos de Natura 2000, ayudando así a la creación de nuevos mercados

Anexo 1 - Ejemplos

Ejemplos de integración de uso de fondos:

- Irlanda (LIFE, PAC Pilar 1)
- Finlandia (FEADER, LIFE, Interreg, nacional, privado)
- UK (FEADER, privado)
- Rumanía (FEADER, nacional)
- Hungría (LIFE, privado, nacional, otros)
- UK (EFF, nacional)
- Alemania (FEADER, Estructurales, nacional)

**Herramienta de
Contraste
para evaluar la
consistencia de los
PAFs y los POs**



Contenido

- Porqué una Herramienta de Contraste?
- A quién está dirigida?
- Análisis-Checklist de los Programas
- Checklist de consistencia PAF – POs
- La plataforma web
- Ejemplos de integración de Programas



¿Porqué una Herramienta de Contraste?

- Para ayudar a optimizar el uso de los fondos europeos para Natura 2000 a partir de las diferentes posibilidades a nivel europeo, nacional y regional
- La Herramienta debería **guiar a los usuarios en el proceso de analizar la consistencia** de las medidas de gestión de Natura 2000 identificadas en el PAF y los nuevos Programas Operativos para desarrollo regional, para desarrollo rural y para pesca.

¿A quién está dirigida?

- **Autoridades** responsables de la elaboración de los **programas** operativos nacionales y regionales (2014-2020)
- **Departamentos relevantes de la Comisión Europea**, incluidos DG Env, pero también DG Agri, DG Regio, DG Mare

Análisis-Checklist de los Programas

- **Catálogo estructurado de palabras clave y preguntas** para evaluar los capítulos más relevantes de los POs específicos de FEADER, FEDER y FP.
- Una checklist distinta **por Programa y por fondo europeo.**
- Basado en **los formatos predeterminados** para la preparación de los POs relevantes (FEADER, FEDER, FP).
- Estructurado en **tres pasos**: (estrategia, medidas y presupuesto)

	Analysis: keyword search or verification of overview tables in the OP	Level of recognition for Natura 2000	The level of Natura 2000 recognition is very good if the following conditions apply:	Notes for analysis results, text parts and references to Natura 2000 as identified in the OP
Step 1-Strategy	SWOT and identification of needs >> PLEASE ADD CHAPTER OF ANALYSED OP<<			
	Search for keywords: biodiversity, Natura 2000, protected areas, natural resources, conservation priorities, ecosystem services, Prioritized Action Framework.	Very good Moderate Minor None	The objective of the OP is to improve conservation status of the habitats or species and/or recognise economic or recreational importance of natural areas and their potential to minimize natural risks such as floods and/or, help adapt to climate change in synergy with nature conservation (e.g. through ecosystem adaptation).<	
	Strategy >> PLEASE ADD CHAPTER OF ANALYSED OP<<			
	Check overview table of the programme investment strategy for ERDF; are biodiversity related investment priorities and specific objectives included? ⁶	Very good Moderate Minor None	Strategy sets biodiversity or ecosystem services as a priority axis of the programme or biodiversity and Natura 2000 is an investment priority integrated in other axes which address environment indirectly (e.g. through sustainable urban development).	
2 - Measures	Investment priorities 6(d) and 6(e) ERDF >> PLEASE ADD CHAPTER OF ANALYSED OP<<			
	Check specific objectives and actions under Thematic Objective 6(d) and 6(e). To which extent do they relate to Natura 2000 (check Handbook for details).	Very good Moderate Minor None	Positive if relevant number of measures exist and if they indicate a large variety of possible interventions (Note detailed analysis takes place in PAF – OP checklist).	>List and transfer activities/measures in table Annex Ia.<

Checklist de consistencia PAFs – POs


- Requiere de un **PAF y al menos borradores de los POs.**
- Permite **comparar las acciones prioritarias del PAF** con las medidas del PO, a partir de la lista de 25 medidas de gestión de Natura 2000s
- Permite identificar:
 - Principales **oportunidades de financiación** de los POs.
 - Diferencias (**potenciales gaps**).
 - **Sinergias y consistencias.**

Thematic objective, priority	Article in regulation	Measure/Activity	No.	Types of Activities	Cat.
			1	Administration of the site selection process	Establishment of Natura 2000 sites
			2	Scientific studies/inventories	
			3	Preparation of initial information and publicity material	
			4	Pilot projects	
			5	Management plans, strategies and schemes	Management planning
			6	Establishment of management bodies	
			7	Consultation - public, landowners	
			8	Management plans, strategies and schemes - review	
			9	Running costs of management bodies (maintenance of buildings and equipment)	
			10	Facilities for public access and use of the sites, observatories etc.	
			11	Staff	


Natura 2000 measures						Funding opportunities in OPs			Comments
Cat.	Types of Activities	Further description	No.	PAF priority measures: G-General AF-Agriculture and Forestry MC-Marine and Coastal WET-Wetlands; other	Identified funding source in PAF (EAFRD, ERDF, EMFF, LIFE, National, ...)	EAFRD	ERDF/CF/ESF	EMFF	level of consistency: (V)Very good (Mo)Moderate (Mi)Minor (No)No
Establishment of Natura 2000 sites	Administration of the site selection process	Funding for authorities carrying out the selection process.	1						
	Scientific studies/inventories for the identification of sites – surveys, inventories, mapping, condition assessment	Scientific studies, research personnel, workshops and meetings, creation of databases etc.	2						
	Preparation of initial information and publicity material	Including handbooks, seminars, workshops, communication materials for training and capacity building.	3						
	Pilot projects	Initial 'trial' projects at sites.	4						

La plataforma web

www.financing-natura2000.eu



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Financing Natura 2000 website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the title "FINANCING NATURA 2000" and a search icon. Below the title, there are several menu items: "Rural Development", "Regional Funds", "Fisheries", "Life", "Research", "National Funding", "Workshops", and "About". The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column features an information icon and the heading "Aim and content of the online platform.", followed by a paragraph describing the platform's purpose. The right column features a paragraph about the sharing of experience for successful integration of biodiversity into EU funds. Below this, there are two article teasers: "GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE" and "PAYMENTS FOR ENVIRONMENTA...", each with a date and a "Read more" link. A RSS feed icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the article teasers.

 **FINANCING NATURA 2000** 

[Rural Development](#) [Regional Funds](#) [Fisheries](#) [Life](#) [Research](#) [National Funding](#) [Workshops](#) [About](#)

i **Aim and content of the online platform.**
This online platform aims to promote an EU-wide exchange between actors and authorities engaged or interested in the integrated financing for Natura 2000 from the EU funds for 2014-2020. Our posts and active commenting from visitors across Europe will enable

the sharing of experience for successful integration of biodiversity into the different EU funds during the negotiating phase of the OPs between Member States and European Commission.

GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE
28. May 2013 | Rural Development
The Green Infrastructure (GI) Communication of the European Commission (COM(2013) 249 final) was published on 6 May! It appreciates that through the Natura 2000 network "the backbone of the EU's GI is already in place. ... [Read more](#)

PAYMENTS FOR ENVIRONMENTA... 
28. May 2013 | National Funding
Payments for Ecosystem Services (PES) can contribute to Natura 2000 funding. PES do not merely compensate natural capital users for the losses incurred when managing natural resources sustainably, but internalize the costs of exploiting natural ... [Read more](#)

Ejemplos de integración de Programas

Muestra enfoques exitosos durante el periodo actual (2007-2013).

- Polonia – **alta absorción de fondos FEDER** a través de una agencia específica que coordinó el proceso de implementación.
- Austria – **alta absorción de fondos FEADER** para la diversificación de áreas rurales, relacionado con financiación para biodiversidad.
- Alpine Space – importante **focus en la región Alpina muestra** shows la importancia de la integración de la biodiversidad, especialmente en la dimensión territorial.

Köszönöm!

www.financing-natura2000.eu

